In the Claims:

Please amend the claims by deleting the text shown as strikethrough and adding the text shown in underline.

- 1.(currently amended) A method of monitoring <u>or and/or</u> modulating disease-associated activatory processes comprising determining <u>or and/or</u> influencing the amount <u>or and/or</u> activity of caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms in a cell or an organism, wherein the activatory processes are triggered by non-apoptosis signals emanating from death receptors <u>or and/or</u> non-apoptosis signals emanating from non-death receptor members of the TNF receptor family.
- 2.(original) The method of claim 1 wherein the activatory processes are triggered by receptor-crosslinking.
- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the activatory processes are triggered by non-apoptosis signals emanating from death receptors <u>selected from</u>, <u>particularly</u> TRAIL-R1, TRAIL-R2, CD95, TNF-K1 (pSS TNF-R), TRAMD, DR6 <u>and</u> or combinations thereof.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claims 1 or 2, wherein the activatory processes are triggered by signals emanating from non-death receptor members of the TNF receptor family and/or from death receptor members of the TNF receptor family or and/or members of the TLR receptor family.
- 5. (currently amended) The method of any one of claims 1 or 2 to 4, wherein the disease is selected from hyperproliferative, inflammatory and auto-immune diseases.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein the disease is an inflammatory disease selected from skin inflammatory diseases and septic shock.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein the disease is a hyperproliferative disease selected from tumors.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein the disease is an auto-immune disease.

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- 9. (currently amended) The method of any one of claims 1 or 2 to 8 comprising monitoring the presence, amount, localization or and/or activity of caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms in a sample.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms are determined on the nucleic acid level.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms are determined on the protein level.
- 12. (currently amended) The method of any one of claims 1 or 2 to 8 comprising modulating the amount or and/or activity of caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms in a cell or an organism.
- 13. (currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the amount <u>or and/or activity</u> of caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms is modulated on the nucleic acid level.
- 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the amount <u>or and/or</u> activity of caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms is modulated on the protein level.
- 15. (currently amended) A method of identifying <u>or and/or</u> characterizing compounds for the modulation of disease-associated activatory processes comprising determining if a test compound is capable of influencing the activity of caspase-10 or caspase-10 isoforms, wherein the activatory processes are triggered by non-apoptosis signals emanating from death receptors <u>or and/or</u> non-apoptosis signals emanating from non-death receptor members of the TNF receptor family.